

Support for Aged Care Workers in COVID-19 (SACWIC) Version 05/012/21

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Providers

General Questions

What is the Support for Aged Care Workers in COVID-19 (SACWIC) grant opportunity?

The SACWIC grant opportunity is the second grant opportunity to be established as part of the COVID-19 Aged Care Support Program (the Program). The purpose of the grant opportunity is to minimise the risk of infection to aged care workers, residents, and service users.

Please refer to the [Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215](#), as listed on the GrantConnect website – www.grants.gov.au. Specifically, *Section 2.1 About the Support for Aged Care Workers in COVID-19 (SACWIC) Grant Opportunity*.

What is a designated hotspot?

A 'designated hotspot', for the purpose of this grant opportunity, is:

- Determined by the Commonwealth Department of Health; and
- Listed at Appendix 1 of the GO4215 Grant Opportunity Guidelines

Appendix 1 will be updated if and when new areas are designated as COVID-19 hotspots for the purpose of this grant opportunity.

Does an aged care worker get to choose which facility they work at, even one where they work fewer hours?

It is expected that workers will work at the site where they can work the most hours for the duration of the activity period. Once a worker begins working at a single site, they should continue to work at that site for the duration of the grant activity period.

Why have Victorian locations been included as hotspots?

A targeted approach is being taken by limiting movement of workers in high-risk locations. This reflects the local circumstances and the high number of exposure sites in these areas.

What do I do if a worker wants to change their mind about which site they elect to work at?

Under this grant opportunity, it is expected that workers will work at the site where they can work the most hours for the duration of the activity period. Once a worker begins working at a single site, they should continue to work at that site for the duration of the activity period.

There may be extenuating circumstances in which a worker cannot stay at the site they originally elected to work at. In these instances, if you are a primary provider, it is recommended that you put in place a variation to the contract of employment or another type of written agreement with individual workers that details the conditions of the employment over the period covered by SACWIC. If the worker wants to change the terms of the employment during that period, changes can only be made by mutual agreement between the provider and the worker. If the worker takes action to end the election, this may be seen as the worker taking action to end the employment.

If you are a secondary provider, it is recommended that you make it clear to the worker, prior to the commencement of the leave, that leave can only be brought to an end early by agreement between them and the employer. This can be addressed through a Policy and/or through written communication with the worker. If the worker has already commenced this leave and this matter has not been already addressed with the worker, you can make contact with all your workers who are on this leave to communicate this to them.

The Fair Work Commission awarded paid pandemic leave to aged care workers employed under the Aged Care Award 2010, the Nurses Award 2010 and Health Professionals and Support Services Award 2020. How does this affect how much grant funding I can apply for to support workforce costs?

Under the grant opportunity, eligible providers are able to apply for SACWIC grant funding to pay pandemic leave to residential aged care workers under Stream 2 of the grant if workers are eligible for paid pandemic leave (e.g. are covered by one of the three Awards above, and have exhausted their leave entitlements under that Award.)

Can grant funding under Stream 2 of the SACWIC Grant be used to provide pandemic leave to aged care workers who are employed under enterprise agreements and not the Awards as specified in the Fair Work Commission's determination?

Yes, funding can be used to provide pandemic leave to workers who are employed under enterprise agreements if they do not have access to or sufficient personal (sick leave) to cover the entire period of evidence. Workers with access to personal (sick) leave entitlements are not eligible to be supported under Stream 2 of the grant until the personal (sick) leave balance has been exhausted.

How does JobKeeper impact how much funding I can apply for?

If you are paying JobKeeper already to your workers, this should continue as long as you remain eligible and the scheme remains in place. Under the JobKeeper provisions, employers are required to pass the full amount on to all eligible employees. It does not matter if a worker has nominated another provider as their Primary Provider.

The JobKeeper payments are to be taken into account when determining out of pocket expenses when completing the Application Form for SACWIC grant funding.

What can Australian Government grant funding be used for?

Please refer to the Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215, as listed on GrantConnect. Specifically, *Section 5.1 Eligible Grant Activities*. You must incur eligible expenditure while you are in a designated hotspot as identified in Appendix 1 of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines.

What can't I use this grant funding for?

Funding cannot be used for activities that are not listed at *Section 5.1 Eligible grant activities* of the [Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215](#). Please refer to the Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215, as listed on GrantConnect. Specifically, *Section 5.4 What the grant money cannot be used for*.

What level of funding is available?

Providers are able to apply for the amount of funding necessary within the scope of the eligibility criteria.

The 'SACWIC Application Spreadsheet' is available with the Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215, listed on GrantConnect. The SACWIC Application Spreadsheet will help you detail the costs you can apply for under this grant. The Department of Health may contact you if additional information is required to support your application. Please refer to *Section 3.1 Grants Available* of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines GO4215 for more information.

What checks and balances are in place to ensure the grant funding is passed on from providers to workers, who miss out on earnings from other facilities?

The Australian Government may conduct audits to ensure the grant funding is paid to workers correctly. A financial acquittal must be submitted at the conclusion of the grant to account for the use of funds.

How long do I have to apply for the grant?

Providers currently have until 30 June 2021 to apply for the grant. Providers will only be able to apply for assistance for the time they are eligible under a designated hotspot. Providers may apply for the duration outlined in Appendix 1 of the [Grant Opportunity Guidelines GO4215](#).

Payment Questions

How will the grant funds be paid?

The Letter of Agreement will state the amount of funding to be provided in relation to the application.

Unless you opt out of the Letter of Agreement, the payment will be made into the relevant account after the two business days cooling off period following the date of the Letter of Agreement. If required, the Australian Government may agree to funding or other variations to the Letter of Agreement and any such funding variation will be paid following departmental processing.

How are workers paid and how long will this take?

Workers should continue to receive their wages from their primary employer for the duration of the period. Workers do not need to apply for SACWIC funding.

Eligibility Questions

Who is eligible to apply?

We can only accept applications from a body corporate that is:

- an approved Residential Aged Care provider
- an approved Home Care provider
- providers delivering aged care services under the Commonwealth National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (an approved NATSIFACP provider).

We cannot consider your application if it does not satisfy the eligibility criteria under Section 4.1 and Section 4.1.2 of the [Grant Opportunity Guidelines GO4215](#). Please refer to the Grant Opportunity Guidelines for more information.

Are providers eligible to apply for funding for a facility located outside the designated hotspots?

Approved Residential Aged Care Providers or approved NATSIFACP providers who provide services in a facility located outside a hotspot are eligible to apply for the grant if they incur additional costs as a result of eligible workers who work inside a hotspot:

- who normally work at multiple residential aged care facilities, one of which is in a hotspot; and
- will be working solely within the facility outside being applied for.

If my workers have personal (sick) leave entitlements, does this affect how much grant funding I can apply for to support workforce costs?

Workers with paid personal (sick) leave entitlements are not eligible to be supported by this category of funding unless they have insufficient leave balances or where personal (sick) leave cannot be taken under the Award or conditions of employment. When applying for the grant, the paid leave component is based on actual staffing numbers and you will be asked to identify the number of staff you have with less than 10 days personal (sick) leave.

Are workforce costs for agency workers eligible under this grant opportunity?

SACWIC Grant money cannot be used for contractors or agency staff to work at a single site (other than as replacement workers). Please refer to the [Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215](#), on GrantConnect, specifically section 5.4 What the grant money cannot be used for, for further information.

If I have increased costs as a result of hiring replacement workers to fill shifts, can I claim for these costs?

If you need to engage replacement workers (for example, agency workers), you are able to apply for grant funding for out of pocket expenses above regular wage costs caused by the implementation of the single site. See the **Case Studies** later in this document for more information.

Implementing the SACWIC Grant – pay for workers

When I'm working out the number of additional hours to offer the worker so that they won't be disadvantaged, should I also be looking at what the worker's take home pay would normally be?

The GO4215 Grant Opportunity Guidelines make clear that workers should not be disadvantaged as a result of the single site principle. Knowing your worker's entitlements, including average weekly take home pay, across all residential aged care employers is essential to ensure the worker is offered enough hours so as to not be disadvantaged.

For example:

Working out how many additional hours of work to provide to the worker

Normal Employment with Secondary Provider/s	Additional Hours of Work with Primary Provider
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= X number of ordinary hours
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= Y number of ordinary hours on a Saturday
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= Z number of ordinary hours on a Sunday
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= P number of overtime hours at time and a half + Q number of overtime hours at double time
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= R number of overtime hours a double time
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= F number of ordinary hours on an afternoon shift
Average weekly take home pay from secondary provider/s	= G number of ordinary hours on a night shift

Do we need to pay superannuation for the additional hours?

Superannuation will be payable as usual on all ordinary time earnings (OTE) by a worker.

If I roster the worker for additional shifts beyond full time hours, will those shifts be overtime?

The terms of the applicable industrial instrument (i.e. a modern award or enterprise agreement) will apply as normal. As a result, the usual triggers for overtime, shift penalties and other penalties will continue to apply to this worker who is working additional shifts.

Providers should ensure additional shifts are provided in such a way as to maintain the principle that workers should not be disadvantaged as a result of working at a single site.

What if a worker has been rostered to work, but they refuse to work the rostered shift for non-COVID-19 related reasons? Do we still need to pay them for the shifts?

To answer this question it is necessary to know if this is a full time, part time or casual worker and if there is a contract of employment or a less formally written agreement that the worker would work that roster.

If the worker is full time or part time and there is a contract of employment or written agreement in place to work that shift, the worker will need to apply for leave to be absent from work for that shift as they normally would. Depending on the type of leave being used will depend on whether they are paid or not. Casual employees can refuse shifts and do not have access to paid leave.

However, if the worker is refusing to work a shift by their primary provider that would provide them with additional hours of work normally worked for their secondary provider/s, alternative shifts should also be offered to them to give them further opportunities to work the hours.

It is expected that workers will accept and work the additional hours for the primary employer. The worker would need a valid reason as to why they were not able to work the additional hours and would need to take into account section 62(3) of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth).

If the worker does provide a valid reason for not working all the offered additional hours, the primary employer will pay the worker the remainder of their total average take home pay normally received from secondary employers for that pay cycle for this unworked time. The provider will be able to claim the cost under SACWIC. Claims of this nature may be scrutinised by the Department.

If I am the primary provider and our organisation does not have a salary packaging arrangement, but the secondary provider does, do I need to compensate the worker for the tax benefit?

No. It is possible that the worker may be able to make up for this period of no deductions by increasing their salary deduction when they return to the secondary provider for the balance of the fringe benefits tax (FBT) year. The worker should be encouraged to seek further information from the secondary provider on their salary packaging options.

As a primary provider, what kind of evidence can I request from workers to determine their usual income and hours of work?

You can ask for the following evidence:

- The last three payslips;
- Up to date employment contracts; and
- Contact details of the secondary provider/s and permission from the worker to contact them.

Implementing the SACWIC Grant – hours for workers

What if I am the provider and I do not have sufficient rostered hours available to cover the hours that staff would normally work at another RACF?

If you do not have sufficient rostered hours to employ your worker for additional hours, you should offer them supernumerary hours, while also ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety obligations and the relevant industrial instrument.

There may be a limited number of circumstances where workers may not be able to work for all the additional hours. Examples include:

- Providers are not required to offer additional hours that would put at risk the health and safety of the worker;
- Providers have a health and safety responsibility to limit staffing numbers at the facility. This limitation can be set by a Government body or by the provider completing risk assessments in accordance with their WHS legislation obligations; or
- Providers have to abide by the applicable industrial instruments which provide breaks to the worker from being on duty.
- A worker has caring responsibilities for a child or other relative or friend.

In these circumstances, and other reasonable circumstances as determined by the provider, the provider as the primary employer will pay the worker the remainder of their total average take home pay normally received from secondary employers for that pay cycle for this unworked time. The provider will be able to claim the cost under SACWIC. Claims of this nature may be scrutinised by the Department.

What are supernumerary hours?

Supernumerary hours are hours that exceed a provider's usual number of rostered hours. This may mean that workers are rostered on in excess of a provider's workforce needs. Providers can claim funding under SACWIC for these costs.

Is there a maximum number of hours that a worker can be paid for? For example, can I ask employees to work 100 hours a fortnight?

When determining the maximum number of hours you can safely employ a worker to work, you must consider:

- The health and safety of the worker in accordance with your obligation to manage fatigue in the workplace. (see [https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/fatigue for more information](https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/fatigue%20for%20more%20information)), and
- The provisions of the applicable industrial instruments which provide breaks to the worker from being on duty and comply with these provisions.

You are not required to offer additional hours that would put the health and safety of your worker at risk.

How can I calculate a casual employee's hours of work?

The average hours of work and averaged weekly rate of pay for a casual worker can be calculated on the weekly pay received by the worker in the previous 6 weeks, or where the worker has been employed for less than 6 weeks, for the duration of their employment with the secondary provider/s.

Funding for Training

Will I be reimbursed for costs associated with training additional employees where employees are unable to work due to self-isolation/quarantine requirements or because workers have selected to work at an alternative facility?

If you are an approved Residential Aged Care Provider or an approved NATSIFACP provider and have workers who are not to attend work due to self-isolation/quarantine requirements, you can apply for grant funding to train additional workers in the event a skills gap arises, if you are located:

- in a hotspot, or
- outside a hotspot but have workers elect to work at another facility within a hotspot.

Similarly, if you are an approved Home Care provider that has workers who provide services to clients residing inside a hotspot and are not to attend work due to self-isolation/quarantine requirements, you can apply for grant funding to train additional workers in the event a skills gap arises.

Please note that in all these circumstances the training **must be:**

- provided by a registered training organisation or, where more appropriate, delivered in-house by your organisation; and

- because usual staff are not to attend work because of quarantine and self-isolation or because workers have selected to work at an alternative facility

If these two criteria are not met, the costs of the training cannot be claimed under grant funding.

There are only limited circumstances where providing site-specific training in-house may be more appropriate. If additional costs arise as a result of the diversion of resources for site-specific training, you may be able to apply for assistance under the SACWIC grant.

Application Questions

How do I submit an application for this grant opportunity?

You can only apply online via GrantConnect:

- you will need to be registered with GrantConnect to access the portal;
- complete the online grant opportunity application form;
- provide all the information requested in the application form;
- address all eligibility criteria; and
- include all necessary attachments.

Attachments to the application

The following documents must be included with your application:

1. SACWIC Application Spreadsheet.
2. Supporting documentation as listed in section 3.1 of these Grant Opportunity Guidelines.

You must attach the SACWIC Application Spreadsheet to the application form in line with the instructions provided within the form.

PLEASE NOTE: That supporting documentation as listed in section 3.1 of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines may be too large to attach to the application form. In those circumstances, supporting documentation must be sent via email to

SACWIC@health.gov.au with the submission ID reference clearly stated in the email subject line.

We will not consider information in attachments that we do not request.

What supporting documentation do I need to provide with my application?

Section 3.1 of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines, sets out the acceptable supporting documentation for each funding stream. Please refer to this section for more information.

If you are supporting aged care workers to work at a single site and you want to claim the out of pocket expenses for those workers - you are required to provide:

- Before Activity Period: Payroll summaries for an equal amount of time as the grant activity period, immediately prior to the activity period that itemise ALL staff and includes leave balances, and
- During Activity Period: Payroll summaries for the activity period that itemise ALL staff and includes leave balances.

If you are supporting aged care workers who are not to attend work because they have been experiencing COVID-19 symptoms, have been diagnosed as COVID-19 positive, require testing or are subject to self-isolation or quarantine requirements – you are required to provide a summary of eligible leave paid itemised by staff member.

If you are claiming funding to cover training additional staff where existing aged care workers did not attend work due to self-isolation, quarantine or single site requirements – you are required to provide a statement that includes:

- an overview of the training and summary of learning objectives or program summary,
- the name of the training program,
- the name of the registered training provider or clearly identify if the applicant is applying for in house training.
- the duration of the training and
- receipt of payment or if the training is in-house, the detail of the out of pocket expenses incurred.

If I am experiencing financial hardship and wish to submit an application during the activity period, what supporting documentation do I need to provide?

Section 3.1 of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines, sets out the acceptable supporting documentation for each funding stream. Please refer to this section for more information.

- If you wish to claim out of pocket expenses for implementing single site arrangements and/or out of pocket leave expenses, you are required to provide rosters/timesheets, and payroll summaries that itemise staff and include leave balances for a 1-2 month period before implementing single site arrangements.
- If you wish to claim for out of pocket expenses for training, a statement that includes
 - an overview of the training and summary of learning objectives or program summary,
 - the name of the training program,
 - the name of the registered training provider or the name of your organisation if the training is in-house,
 - the duration of the training, and

- receipt of payment or if the training is in-house, the detail of the out of pocket expenses incurred, instead of a receipt.
- Where the training has not yet been undertaken and a receipt cannot be provided a quotation from the registered training organisation will be accepted.

Providers who elect to apply during the period specified in Appendix 1 due to significant financial strain are required to submit an application attaching the above supporting documentation. Applications will be assessed on a case by case basis.

Will I get all the funding requested?

The Department of Health determines your grant amount based on its assessment of your needs through your completed application form. The Decision Maker decides which grants to approve based on what is eligible expenditure.

Can I request additional funding once a grant is awarded if COVID-19 continues to impact my workforce costs and the service I provide?

The Department of Health recognises that the duration of COVID-19 pandemic is uncertain, and COVID-19 may impact your workforce costs for a longer period than initially anticipated. In these circumstances, you can request a variation to your grant agreement by contacting your Funding Arrangement Management. You will be asked to resubmit the SACWIC Application Spreadsheet attached to your original application which will enable you to justify your request for additional funding and provide the Australian Government with a chance to review your case.

Can I apply in respect of more than one facility?

Yes, as a provider you can apply for multiple aged care facilities/services in the one application form. The [SACWIC Application Spreadsheet](#) has capacity for multiple services to be listed. If additional facilities/services are subsequently impacted by eligible workforce costs related to COVID-19, you may submit the SACWIC Application Spreadsheet, without completing the Application form again.

Who do I contact if I am having technical issues submitting the application?

For requests for technical help or support in using and/or submitting the Application Form please contact email the Department of Health at: grant.atm@health.gov.au The Department of Health will aim to respond to questions within two (2) working days.

Who do I contact if I have questions relating to the grant opportunity?

For specific questions on the grant application process, you can also contact the Department of Health at: grant.atm@health.gov.au . The Department of Health will aim to respond to questions within two (2) working days.

How will organisations be advised of the final outcome?

Successful applicants will be advised of the outcome of their application through a Letter of Agreement and unsuccessful applicants will be notified in writing.

In what order will applications be assessed and funded?

Applications will generally be assessed in order of need, as determined by the Department of Health.

Does SACWIC pay for additional workers?

SACWIC does not provide funding for additional or replacement workers, unless:

- there are additional costs to the provider caused by the implementation of residential aged care workers working across a single site; and
- a provider has undertaken reasonable efforts to ensure its new total wage bill fits in with its old one.

If you are hiring additional workers as a result of a COVID-19 test or COVID-19 infection, you should consider applying for funding under the [Aged Care Support Program \(GO3844\)](#).

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Workers

Do I need to apply for the grant?

No, workers cannot apply for SACWIC funding themselves. If you work for an eligible approved residential aged care, home care or NATSIFACP provider inside a hotspot, your employer can apply for SACWIC grant funding to provide you with financial support.

Will I have to wait for a grant to be processed before I get paid?

No. Your employer can pay you now and then apply for grant funding.

I'm employed by an agency not a provider, can my employer receive grant funding?

No. Agencies are not eligible for funding support under SACWIC. To be eligible a provider must be an approved:

- Residential Aged Care provider;
- Home Care provider; or
- National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (NATSIFACP) provider.

If you are unsure if your employer is eligible, please speak with them in the first instance.

If I'm told I have to self-isolate, do I have to use my sick leave?

If you are unwell and/or showing symptoms of COVID-19 and have been directed to self-isolate, you are eligible to take personal (sick) leave and you must use this entitlement. If you run out of personal (sick) leave, your employer can apply for funding under SACWIC to maintain your pay.

If you are well and are not showing symptoms but have been directed to self-isolate, it is up to your employer whether any leave provisions are available to you. If you do not have any personal (sick) leave entitlements, your employer can apply for funding under SACWIC to fund this paid leave for you in the first instance.

I'm a permanent personal care worker at a residential aged care facility and I have three weeks annual leave. Do I have to use all my personal (sick) leave and my annual leave if I am not to work due to testing, isolation or quarantine requirements, or experiencing COVID-19 symptoms/positive diagnosis, before I am eligible for paid leave under the grant?

No. You will need to use any personal (sick) leave that can be used, but not your annual leave. If you run out of personal (sick) leave, your employer can apply for funding under SACWIC to maintain your pay.

Both my wife and I work in residential aged care facilities but at different sites. Can we do that and still live together?

Yes, but if either of you have symptoms or test positive to COVID-19 you will both need to self-isolate and you must not go to work if you are unwell. When you get tested you should advise the person taking your test that you are an aged care worker to ensure the results are given priority.

How long does the 'activity period' last for?

The 'activity period' is the period that your employer receives grant funding under SACWIC for. The maximum activity period is limited to the areas and dates at [Appendix 1 of the Grant Opportunity Guidelines for GO4215](#), as listed on the GrantConnect website – www.grants.gov.au. These will be updated as necessary.

Where can I go for counselling and support services?

Support is now available for aged care workers whose regular working arrangements have changed as a result of the Guiding Principles. These workers can get free counselling services from [Converge International](#).

Converge International will deliver up to five free counselling sessions per person, per issue. Services include employee and manager support, career guidance, financial counselling and family support.

Phone 1300 687 327 or visit www.convergeinternational.com.au to book an appointment.

Make sure you state that you are from the "Single Site Residential Aged Care Workforce" when booking.

Support for Aged Care Workers in COVID-19 – SACWIC Grant Case Studies

Some of our staff work at more than one site. How do we cover the costs of providing extra shifts at just one site?

Helen runs Morning Gardens Residential Aged Care, which is located in a designated COVID-19 hotspot for the purposes of the SACWIC Grant. She has four staff members who each ordinarily work 8 additional hours at the nearby Evening Gardens RACF. These workers have elected Morning Gardens to be their primary employer. Helen agrees to offer each of her four staff 8 additional hours per week, so they no longer work at Evening Gardens RACF. Helen can apply for her out of pocket wage expenses to be covered by the SACWIC Grant if she experiences overall out of pocket costs as a result of providing these employees with additional hours of work.

A staff member has phoned in and they are unwell but they don't have enough personal (sick) leave to take a day off.

Bill manages Sunshine Park Aged Care located in a designated hotspot. His employee, Rhonda, has called to inform him that she has a sore throat and a mild temperature. Bill has advised Rhonda that she needs to self-isolate and get tested for COVID-19. Rhonda is a permanent employee of Sunshine Park Aged Care but she has used all her accrued personal (sick) leave entitlements so would normally be required to take unpaid leave. Bill can pay her personal (sick) leave and apply for his out of pocket wage expenses to be covered by the SACWIC Grant.

A relative I saw on the weekend has just tested positive for COVID-19. What should I do now?

Lisa is a casual personal care worker at Hope Ridge Residential Aged Care which is located in a designated hotspot and she has no leave entitlements. She informs Hope Ridge manager, Roger, that her cousin, who she had dinner with on Saturday night, has now been diagnosed with COVID-19. Roger tells Lisa that she must self-isolate and get tested for COVID-19. To ensure she complies with these instructions, Roger can pay Lisa for the hours she was already rostered for.

Roger can receive support under SACWIC to continue to pay Lisa her average wages if she was likely to have worked during the period she was required to self-isolate, even if she was not yet rostered on.

Once Lisa has isolated for 14 days and been advised by her Public Health Unit that she is clear to return to end isolation and return to normal activities, she will be able to return to work.

Residents have formed attachments with particular staff. Why should residents be disrupted by having new caring staff?

Frank is confused as to why his favourite carers Barbara and Bob are no longer looking after him. Barbara and Bob are close-contacts to another staff member who has tested positive. They are now in isolation at home and waiting for the results of their COVID tests, to ensure they are not spreading COVID-19 and to ensure their own health.

Once Barbara and Bob have been isolated for 14 days and have been advised by their Public Health Unit they are clear to end isolation and return to normal activities, they will be able to return to work and be reunited with Frank. To ensure that a potential infection of COVID-19 can be contained and the health of residents and workers can be protected, strict actions need to be taken. As soon as staff are cleared to return to work, they will do so and residents will be reunited with the staff they know. This will support residents to continue to experience safe quality care.

If Barbara and Bob are not entitled to personal leave because they do not have an illness or injury, they may be entitled to Paid Pandemic Leave provisions if they are employed under the Aged Care Award.

Some of my staff live in a designated 'hotspot', but our service is not in a hotspot. How does this grant apply to us?

Green Mountains Residential Home Care is not in a designated COVID-19 hotspot but some of their staff, John and Judy, live in a hotspot area. Where an employee lives is not relevant to eligibility for SACWIC – as long as John and Judy don't display any symptoms and return negative tests during staff testing for COVID-19, they can continue to work at Green Mountains (their primary place of work), while following all infection control protocols.

Some of my staff work in a hotspot, but our service is not in a hotspot. How does this grant apply to us?

Green Mountains Residential Home Care also have staff, Fred and George, who work a few hours a week at a second facility, Gold Creek Aged Care which is located inside a designated hotspot. To minimise the risk of infection they have elected to temporarily stop working at Gold Creek Aged Care. So that Fred and George aren't impacted financially, the management of Green Mountains will offer them additional hours. If Green Mountains now has additional labour costs outside their normal expenses, the SACWIC grant is designed so Green Mountains management can apply for funding from the Australian Government to cover these increased costs.

Gold Creek can also apply for the grant if they have incurred out-of-pocket expenses by changes they need to make to their staffing.

What happens if the funding I receive does not meet my staffing needs for the life of the grant?

Open Plains Aged Care Facility has been using funds from the SACWIC Grant to cover employee expenses. The Grant that has been provided has now been fully allocated to staff, however, there are still additional expenses that need covering.

Open Plains should contact the funding manager within their organisation and resubmit the calculation spreadsheet that was sent with their original application to apply for further funding.

Can I claim this grant in retrospect so I know how much this will cost?

Dove Care Residential Home did not apply for the SACWIC Grant when it was released as they believed they could cover any additional expenses that would be incurred by their employees. Dove Care has since realised that it requires funding for costs incurred during the period. Dove Care can apply for the SACWIC grant retrospectively, until 30 June 2021, which is the end date of the grant opportunity.

My facility has not had an infection of COVID-19 can I receive financial support?

Hardys Point Aged Care home is in a designated hotspot but has not had any cases of COVID-19 amongst residents or staff. However, four of their casual staff have stopped working at Hardys Point, because they usually work at multiple residential aged care facilities.

Hardys Point Manager Larry has been able to fill these shifts with other staff members. If Hardys Point:

- already has an available budget for these hours and does not need to provide training for these workers, then Hardys Point is not eligible for grant funding.
- does not have an available budget for these hours because there are additional wage costs, or needs to provide training for these workers, then Hardys Point is eligible for grant funding.

Can I receive funding for replacement workers?

Shakespeare is a residential aged care provider in a designated hotspot. Two of its regular employees, Levin and Sarah are working at another residential aged care facility for the period in a designated hotspot under SACWIC.

Shakespeare's regular workers are unable to cover the shifts usually worked by Levin and Sarah.

Shakespeare hires two replacement workers, Kate and Pip, to cover Levin and Sarah's regular shifts.

Shakespeare's overall labour costs remain the same as prior to the implementation of single site employment, as Kate and Pip can cover Levin and Sarah's regular shifts for exactly the same cost.

As a result, Shakespeare is ineligible to claim grant funding for these particular costs under SACWIC.

Can I claim for all additional workers?

Morningtide residential aged care provider usually has a wage bill of \$10,000 per month. Even though it is not required, Morningtide wants to know whether it can hire additional staff at a total cost of \$5,000 a month on top of its regular \$10,000 wage bill after single site employment was implemented, and receive SACWIC funding for this.

As hiring these additional workers was not for single site employment, it cannot receive SACWIC funding for these workers.

I have increased wage costs due to the implementation of single site employment, excluding supernumerary hours?

Pleasant Rise, a residential aged care provider in a designated hotspot, employs 10 permanent staff for a total cost of \$10,000 per week.

Three of their staff – Jane, John and Doe – have chosen to work at other facilities for the duration of the single site policy. Resulting in \$3,000 of unspent labour costs per week.

Pleasant Rise's remaining seven staff are unable to cover the hours usually worked by Jane, John and Doe. Pleasant Rise has to hire five additional workers to cover Jane, John and Doe's regular hours.

Despite undertaking every reasonable effort to ensure its new total wage bill fits in with its old one, Pleasant Rise's new wage costs equates to \$11,000, \$1,000 more than previously.

SACWIC will not provide funding for the \$10,000, because this is to be absorbed through Pleasant Rise's normal wage costs. But Pleasant Rise can receive SACWIC grant support for the additional \$1,000 labour costs, because:

- The additional wage costs were caused by the implementation of single site employment; and
- Pleasant Rise had undertaken reasonable efforts to ensure that its new wage bill was within its previous wage bill.

Where Pleasant Rise has no choice other than to use agency staff to meet its staffing levels, it will be able to apply for SACWIC grant funding as they are replacement workers required as a result of single site employment.

Pleasant Rise applies for this funding through SACWIC Stream 1: Supporting aged care workers to work at a single site.

I have increased wage costs due to hiring additional staff due to a COVID-19 test or COVID-19 infection

Sunny Valley residential aged care provider experiences a COVID-19 infection two weeks after the implementation of SACWIC.

All of its regular workers are instructed to enter quarantine and Sunny Valley has to hire additional workers to replace them.

Sunny Valley applies for funding under:

- SACWIC to cover leave expenses for its employees who have insufficient personal (sick) leave balances or where personal (sick) leave cannot be taken under the Award or conditions of employment; and
- The [Aged Care Support Program \(GO3844\)](#) for the cost of additional workers, as there was a COVID-19 infection on the site.

My facility has had an infection of COVID-19, can I receive financial support?

After receiving SACWIC grant funding, Hardys Point subsequently experiences an infection of COVID-19, and experiences additional costs as a result. SACWIC does not provide grant funding to cover the costs of the COVID-19 infection. As a result, Hardys Point can apply for funding under the [Aged Care Support Program \(GO3844\)](#).

I am a home care provider. My staff are working in a hotspot, but the central office is outside the hotspot. Can I apply for funding?

Green Mountains Home Care is a home care provider that has staff working for clients living in a designated hotspot but the central office is outside of the hotspot area. Green Mountains Home Care incurs labour costs due to workers working in a COVID-19 hotspot needing to isolate and take sick leave. The staff don't have access to accrued sick leave, so Green Mountains can apply for the SACWIC Grant for those additional labour costs, including the cost of providing staff with paid leave.

If Green Mountains Home Care needs to undertake skills training in the event a skills gap arises from where existing workers are not to work due to experiencing COVID-19 symptoms, or are subject to self-isolation or quarantine requirements, then they can also apply for the Grant to cover the cost of training.

My facility previously had an infection of COVID-19, can I receive financial support under this grant as well as the Aged Care Support Program?

The Mountain Breeze Residential Aged Care Facility previously had an infection of COVID-19 and received Australian Government funding under the Aged Care Support Program to secure additional Protective Personal Equipment (PPE). The facility is now in a designated hotspot, and although they currently don't have any cases, their workforce has been disrupted. Mountain Breeze management have incurred additional expenses as a result of providing additional hours to workers who worked hours at another facility prior to Mountain Breeze being their single site. As the SACWIC Grant is to complement and not replace other grants, they are able to apply for this funding also.